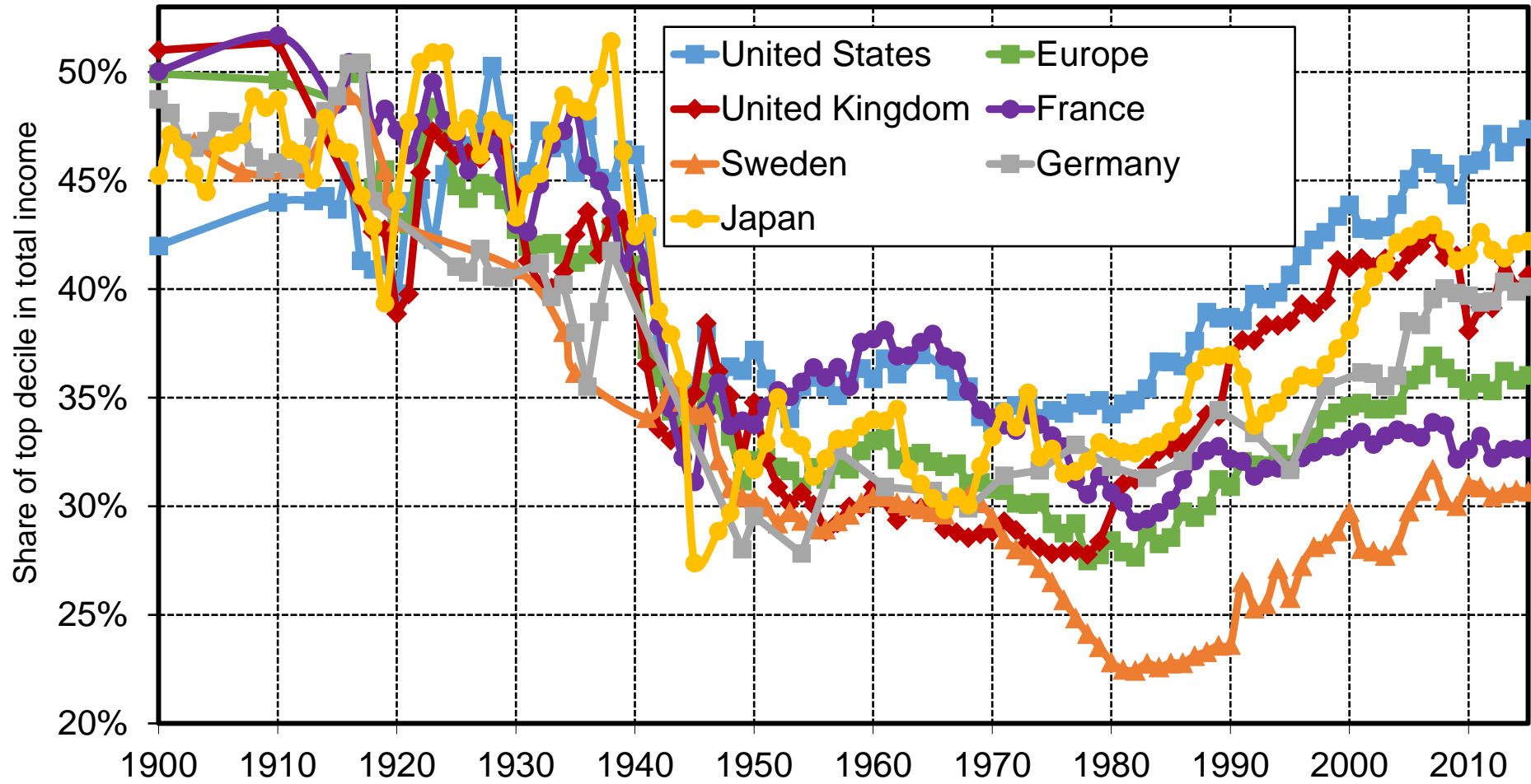


Figure S10.2. Income Inequality: Europe, U.S., Japan 1900-2015



Interpretation. The share of the top decile (the top 10% highest incomes) in total national income was on average about 50% in Western Europe in 1900-1910, before dropping to about 30% in 1950-1980 (or even below 25% in Sweden), and rising again above 35% by 2010-2015 (or even above 40% in Britain). In 2015, Britain and Germany appear to be above European average, while France and Sweden are below average. Japan is in a situation that is intermediate between Europe and the US. Sources and series: see piketty.pse.ens.fr/ideology.