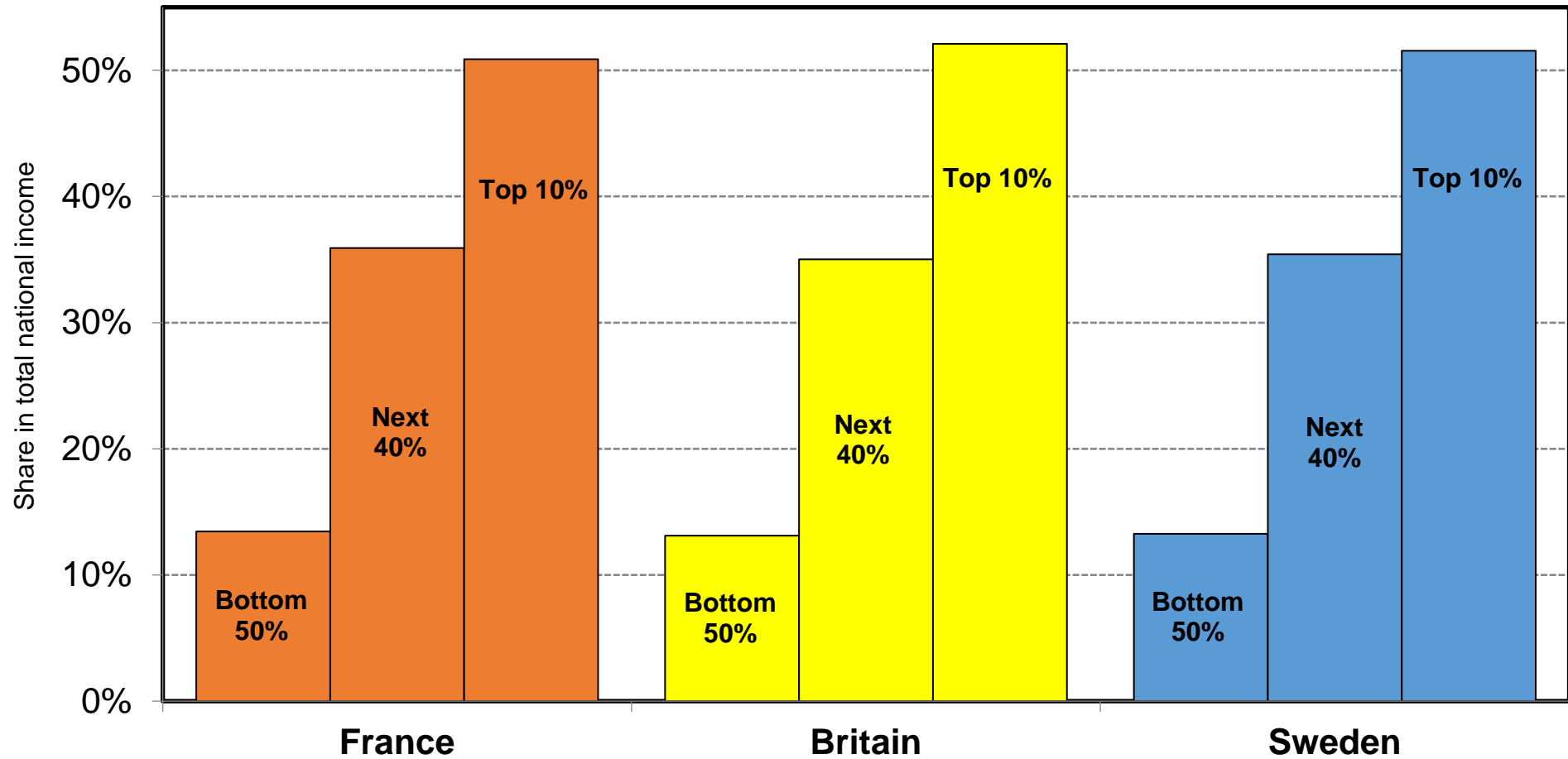


Figure 5.7. Income inequality in Europe's proprietary societies during the Belle Epoque (1880-1914)



Interpretation. The share of the top 10% highest incomes in total national income (labour and capital income) was on average 51% in France between 1880 and 1914 (vs 36% for the next 40% and 13% for the bottom 50%), 55% in Britain (vs 33% and 12%) and 53% in Sweden (vs 34% and 13%). Sources and series: see piketty.pse.ens.fr/ideology.