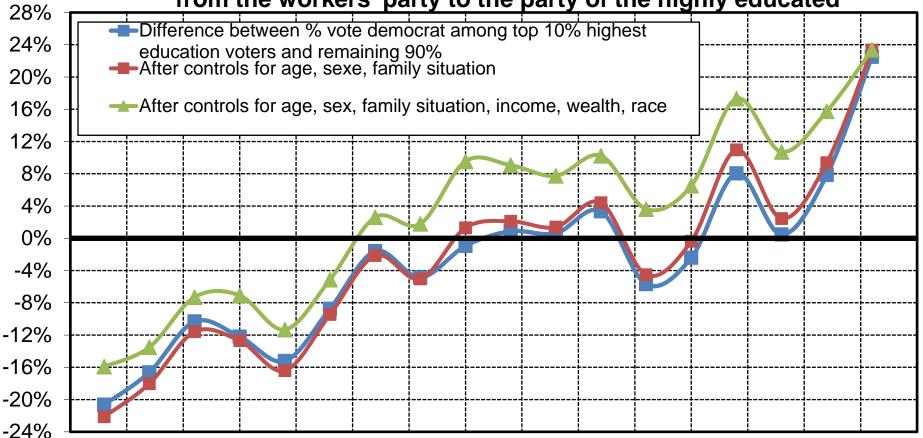
Figure 15.4. Democratic vote in the U.S. 1948-2016: from the workers' party to the party of the highly educated ifference between % vote democrat among top 10% highest



1945 1950 1955 1960 1965 1970 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2015 2020

Interpretation. In 1948, the democratic candidate obtained a score that was 21 points smaller among the top 10% highest-education voters than among the remaining 90%; in 2016, this score is 23 points higher among the top 10% highest-education voters. Controlling for other variables ("other things equal") does not affect the trend (only the levels). Sources and series: see piketty.pse.ens.fr/ideology.