50% 45% —□—Capital share (observed) 40% Tapor and capital share (% of national income) 35% 25% 25% 15% 10% ■Pure capital share (estimate) 5% 0% 1770 1790 1810 1830 1850 1870 1890 1910 1930 1950 1970 1990 2010 In the 1850s-1860s, capital income (rent, benefits, interests,.) accounted for 45% of the national income, against

55% for labor income (employed or self-employed). Sources and series: see piketty.pse.ens.fr/capital21c

Figure S6.1. Capital share in the Britain, 1770-2010